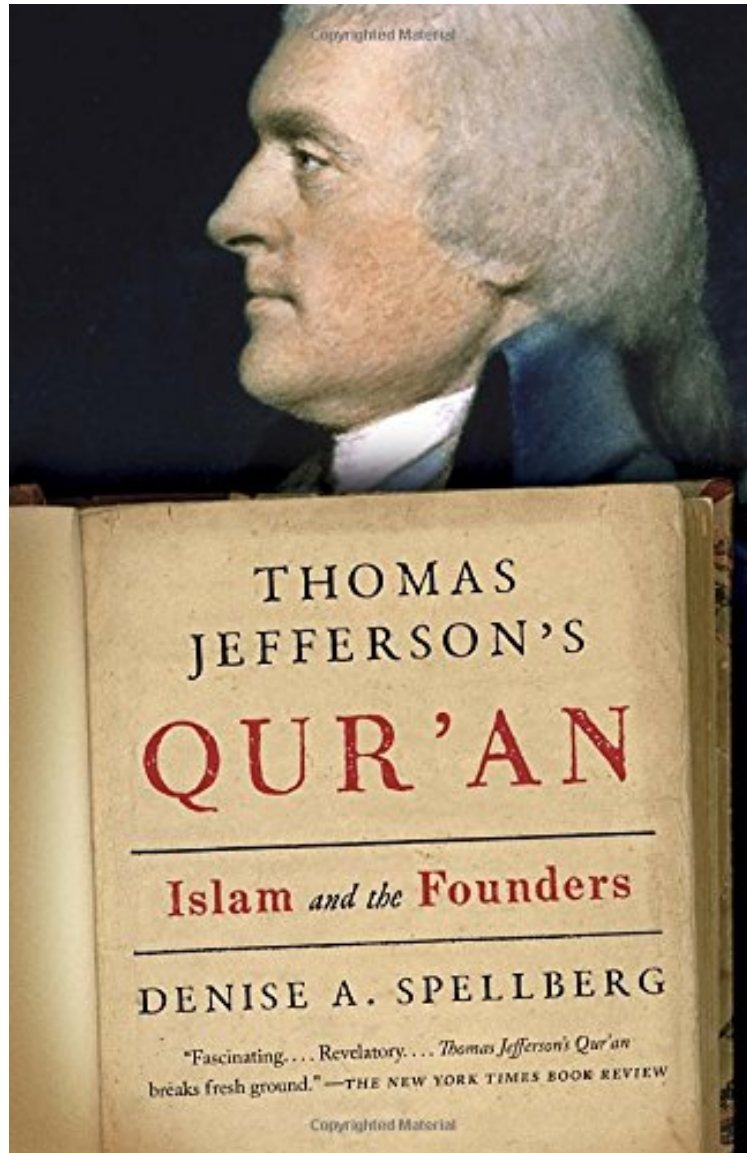


## Thomas Jefferson's Qur'an: Islam and the Founders

Denise Spellberg

audiobook / \*ebooks / Download PDF / ePub / DOC



[Download](#)

[Read Online](#)

#274096 in Books 2014-07-01 2014-07-01 Original language: English PDF # 1 7.98 x .85 x 5.181, .66 #File Name: 0307388395416 pages In this original and illuminating book This marked only the beginning of his lifelong interest in Islam Middle Eastern languages a sentiment prevalent among his Protestant contemporaries in England and America Thomas Jefferson bought a Qur'an | File size: 54.Mb

**Denise Spellberg : Thomas Jefferson's Qur'an: Islam and the Founders** before purchasing it in order to gage whether or not it would be worth my time, and all praised Thomas Jefferson's Qur'an: Islam and the Founders:

0 of 0 people found the following review helpful. A compelling treatise on religious liberty By jnoh81A compelling

and well argued expose on religious freedom in the United States. Spellberg focused primarily on Islam but her narrative applies equally to Judaism, Catholicism, "Paganism," and "Deism." Spellberg also concludes the book discussing the lingering bigotry and revisionist history used against American Muslims. One need only look at some of the one-star reviews of this text as support Spellberg's argument. 6 of 7 people found the following review helpful. It was the most interesting book I've read in a ... By Customer It was the most interesting book I've read in a long time. it's a book everyone should read re history of freedom of religion as our forefathers saw it and why this freedom was important to them!! 0 of 0 people found the following review helpful. Five Stars By Yama Achikzai Excellent!

In this original and illuminating book, Denise A. Spellberg reveals a little-known but crucial dimension of the story of American religious freedom a drama in which Islam played a surprising role. In 1765, eleven years before composing the Declaration of Independence, Thomas Jefferson bought a Quran. This marked only the beginning of his lifelong interest in Islam, and he would go on to acquire numerous books on Middle Eastern languages, history, and travel, taking extensive notes on Islam as it relates to English common law. Jefferson sought to understand Islam notwithstanding his personal disdain for the faith, a sentiment prevalent among his Protestant contemporaries in England and America. But unlike most of them, by 1776 Jefferson could imagine Muslims as future citizens of his new country. Based on groundbreaking research, Spellberg compellingly recounts how a handful of the Founders, Jefferson foremost among them, drew upon Enlightenment ideas about the toleration of Muslims (then deemed the ultimate outsiders in Western society) to fashion out of what had been a purely speculative debate a practical foundation for governance in America. In this way, Muslims, who were not even known to exist in the colonies, became the imaginary outer limit for an unprecedented, uniquely American religious pluralism that would also encompass the actual despised minorities of Jews and Catholics. The rancorous public dispute concerning the inclusion of Muslims, for which principle Jefferson's political foes would vilify him to the end of his life, thus became decisive in the Founders' ultimate judgment not to establish a Protestant nation, as they might well have done. As popular suspicions about Islam persist and the numbers of American Muslim citizenry grow into the millions, Spellberg's revelatory understanding of this radical notion of the Founders is more urgent than ever. Thomas Jefferson's Quran is a timely look at the ideals that existed at our country's creation, and their fundamental implications for our present and future.

From Booklist The English translation of the Quran that Thomas Jefferson purchased in 1765 made its most public appearance in 2007, when Minnesota congressman-elect Keith Ellison used it for a photo-op reenactment of his taking the oath of office. Jefferson's Quran is, Spellberg shows in this fresh and timely account, important not because it directly influenced Jefferson's thought it is not clear how much of the two-volume work he read or what he learned from it but because its presence in Jefferson's library reminds us of his progressive positions on religious tolerance, and the extent to which the Founding Fathers' ideas were shaped by their ideas about Muslims, even though most of the Founders had probably never actually met a Muslim. Spellberg illustrates her thesis in part by describing the slight but significant ways in which colonial Americans came into contact with Muslims, who were thought to reflect the outer limits of a diverse American population. She scours Jefferson's writings and draws inferences from, among other things, where in his library Jefferson shelved his Quran. But Jefferson's political and diplomatic dealings, which reveal a thoughtful if complicated approach to Islam, are perhaps more revealing. And we are reminded that, in a messy election campaign against John Adams, Jefferson may have been the first presidential candidate to be maliciously accused of being a Muslim. --Brendan Driscoll Fascinating. . . . Revelatory. . . . Thomas Jefferson's Quran breaks fresh ground. The New York Times Book Review Wonderful. . . . Spellberg provides valuable historical context for the struggle for religious tolerance and inclusion. In itself, her book constitutes a step toward inclusiveness in the ongoing construction of American history. Jonathan P. Berkey, San Francisco Chronicle Thomas Jefferson's Quran examines the intersection during the nation's founding era of two contentious themes in culture war: the relationship of Islam to America, and the proper relationship between church and state. The story that it tells ought to be familiar to most Americans, and is familiar to historians of the nation's founding. And yet, by using Islam as her book's touchstone, Spellberg brings illuminating freshness to an oft-told tale. Compelling, formidably documented. . . . Spellberg's book is essential reading in these troubled times. R.B. Bernstein, The Daily Beast Denise Spellberg has done a great thing here by recovering the spirit and the substance of Thomas Jefferson's vision of true religious liberty. For Jefferson and many of his Founding colleagues, the shift from toleration to liberty marked a profound change, extending protection and, yes, sanctuary to those of any faith whatsoever, including those of no faith. By focusing on the Jeffersonian understanding of Islam, Spellberg tells a fresh story in engaging fashion and shows us that the past, while surely not perfect, still has much to teach us all these years distant. Jon Meacham, winner of the Pulitzer prize and author of Thomas Jefferson: The Art of Power An impressive and timely book, explaining in detail the universalism of Jefferson's religious toleration, his contemplation of full citizenship and equality not only for Jews and Catholics but for Muslims as well, while still accepting the traditional view of the errors of Islam. Denise Spellberg documents in detail where, when, and how Muslims were first included in American ideals. An exploration of the extent of the Founders' pluralism, the book is

not only a notable addition to our understanding of Jefferson but a significant comment on the world today. Bernard Bailyn. Two-time winner of the Pulitzer prize and author of *The Barbarous Years* In this ground breaking book, Spellberg explores how America's founding fathers intended religious tolerance as a key American ideal not only for various Protestant groups, but also for its future Muslim citizens. Asher book explores how tolerant attitudes towards Catholics, Jews, and Muslims led key early American thinkers to consider religious freedom in the widest possible terms, it offers a crucial corrective to those who today resist the nation's inherent blueprint for religious pluralism. In tracing the transatlantic development of these ideas, Spellberg has laid critical groundwork for those interested in European and American perceptions of Islam and religious diversity at the time of the founding of the United States. Ali Asani, Professor and Director of the Prince Alwaleed bin Talal Islamic Studies Program at Harvard University About the Author Denise A. Spellberg is an associate professor of history and Middle Eastern studies at the University of Texas at Austin, where she teaches courses on Islamic civilization and Islam in Europe and America.